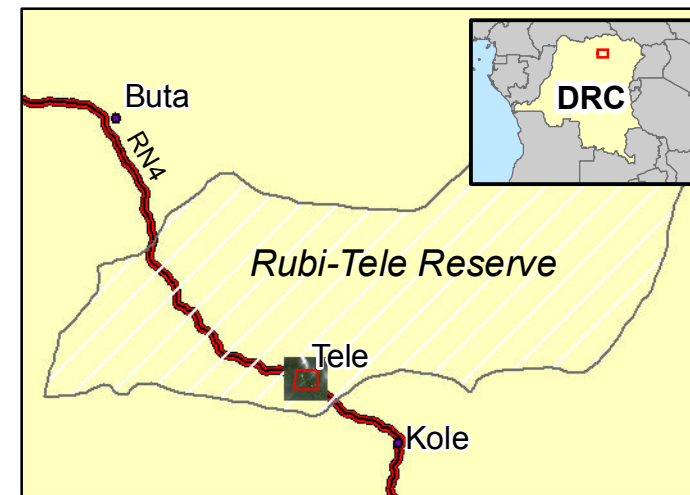




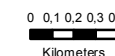
# FACET vs VHR

## Road monitoring Tele

**Location**



Local projection: UTM Zone 32 , Datum: WGS 84  
 Geographic projection: Lat/Lon (DMS), Datum: WGS 84



Scale 1:35.000 for A3 prints

**Data sources**

**Satellite data**  
 date: 27/04/2010  
 copyright: Geo-Eye  
 resolution: 4 m

**Other data**  
 FACET - © OSFAC  
 Map analysis - © EUROSENSE

**Description**

This map was produced by the G-MOSAIC Critical Assets monitoring Service (CTA). The CTA service is monitoring the rehabilitation of the road 'RN4' in DRC, from Kisangani up to Bondo and Bunduki.

The Rubi-Tele reserve is one of the hotspots along the RN4 for which VHR Geo-Eye imagery was acquired. A semi-automatic classification is executed on the VHR scene in eCognition v8.0 (part 1). The classification is compared with the FACET (Forest monitoring of Central Africa using remotely sensed data sets) classification. This forest cover and loss map was produced in the FACET project lead by OSFAC (part 2).

To be able to compare, the VHR object-oriented classification was transformed into a pixel classification using the same raster as the FACET data (part 3), and all forest cover loss classes in the FACET classification were merged (part 4). The vector product is delivered to the end-user (OSFAC).

**Legend**

**VHR Classification**

Water	Bare soil
Primary forest	Built-up area
Secondary forest	Road
Grassland	Cloud

**FACET**

Water	Primary humid tropical forests
Secondary humid tropical forests	Non-forested area

**Disclaimer**

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